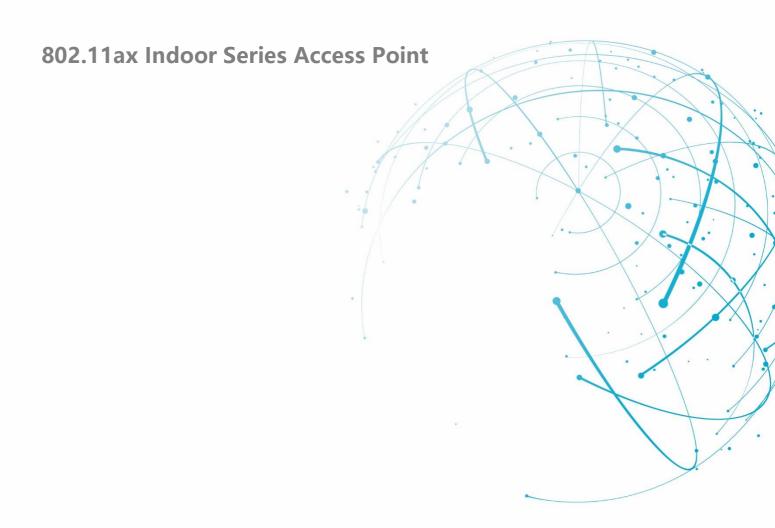


H3C WA6520H New Generation Wall-Plate Access Point





New H3C Technologies Co., Limited

H3C WA6520H New Generation 802.11ax Indoor Series Wall-Plate Access Point

Overview

H3C WA6520H is a new generation Wi-Fi 6 product that complies with the 802.11ax standard.

The access point has dual-radio 4 streams and with built-in antenna, including 2x2 5-GHz, and 2x2 2.4-GHz, achieving speeds up to 2.975 Gbps, it has four downlink GE ports and a 2.5G optical port.

This access point supports wall-mounted installation and is designed for enterprise offices, retail stores, hotels, and smart enterprise campuses that require a high-quality network experience.



H3C WA6520H New Generation 802.11ax Indoor Series Wall-Plate Access Point FL



H3C WA6520H New Generation 802.11ax Indoor Series Wall-Plate Access Point bracket



Features and Benefits

Wi-Fi 6 (802.11ax) Standards

Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access (OFDMA)

802.11ax uses OFDMA to allow multiple users to transmit data simultaneously. OFDMA splits a channel into sub-channels, known as resource units (RUs), with specific subcarriers, and assigns RUs to different users for simultaneous transmission. OFDMA enables simultaneous multi-user transmission and reduces latency caused by channel contention.

DL/UL MU-MIMO

DL/UL MU-MIMO technology allows AP to send data to multiple stations simultaneously, breaking through the traditional wireless serial communication mechanism, increasing the utilization rate of wireless spectrum resources, and improving the number of effective access users and access experience under high-density deployment.

BSS Coloring

Spatial reuse allows the access points and their clients to differentiate between BSSs, assigns a different color per BSS to help access point identify co-channel interference and stop transmission in time. This optimizes frequency reuse and improves network capacity.

Target Wake Time (TWT)

TWT improves power efficiency and reduces contention by increasing client sleep time and allowing negotiation of the times that clients can access the medium.

Innovative AI-Native Capabilities

The access point can realize AI-based radio frequency (RF) management, the connection of the terminal to the network, service assurance, and healing of the network through the convergence of cloud, networking and edge and H3C' s iRadio, iStation, iHeal, and iEdge technologies.

Security Policy

Wireless security guarantee

The APs support WPA2-Personal, WPA2-Enterprise, WPA3-Personal, WPA3-Enterprise authentication and encryption modes to ensure security of the wireless network.



Analysis on Non-Wi-Fi Interference Sources

APs can analyze the spectrum of non-Wi-Fi interference sources and identify them, including Bluetooth devices, wireless audio transmitters, and microwave ovens. Coupled with H3C AD-Campus, the locations of the interference sources can be detected, and the spectrum of them displayed, enabling the administrator to remove the interference in a timely manner.

Rogue Device Monitoring

APs support WIPS, and can monitor, identify, defend, counter, and perform refined management on the rogue devices, to provide security guarantees for air interface environment and wireless data transmission.

Link Protection

The CAPWAP link protection and DTLS encryption provide security assurance, improving data transmission security between the AP and the AC.

Real Time Spectrum Guard (RTSG)

Real-Time Spectrum Guard (RTSG) is the innovative H3C professional state-monitoring solution for the wireless spectrum. APs support the internal RF data acquisition module to achieve deeply integrated monitoring and real time spectrum protection.

Network optimization

Doctor AP

Doctor AP mode, combining H3C AC and H3C Cloudnet platform, collects wireless network information for scenarios where terminal access is abnormal, and analyzes and locates wireless faults quickly and accurately.

RRM

Radio Resource Management (RRM), the AP monitors air interface channel utilization, channel interference, and signal conflict in real time, and works with H3C Cloudnet to adjust RF parameters such as working channel, bandwidth, and power in a timely manner to maintain the optimal RF resource status.

RROP

Radio Resource Optimization Policy (RROP) refers to the collection of multiple wireless air interface optimization methods, which is committed to reducing or controlling the consumption of air interface media resources by management packets, broadcast packets, and invalid packets. Set aside more resources to provide users with better wireless application services.

SACP

The Station Access Control Policy (SACP) restricts, controls, and guides the access of wireless terminals to



better AP or wireless services. In addition, terminal traffic is controlled and scheduled according to network applications to improve the overall performance of the wireless network and improve the experience and effect of wireless access applications.

Roaming Protection

Wireless AP fully supports the Fast BSS Transition function defined in the 802.11r standard, which can accelerate the roaming process of wireless users, reduce the probability of connection interruption, and improve the roaming service quality. Through 802.11k protocol mechanism, AP and wireless client interact with each other to perceive the network topology in multiple dimensions. The AC recognizes and calculates the roaming time and roaming access location of the wireless client in full view, and negotiates the switch with the client through 802.11v and 802.11r mechanisms.

Cellular Coexistence Feature (CCF)

The access point uses built-in software filtering to minimize the impact of interference from 3G/4G cellular networks.

Application Guarantee

Application identification

APs support smart application control technology and can implement visualized control on Layer 4 to Layer 7 applications. Coupled with H3C WLAN ACs, the APs can identify a large number of common applications in various office scenarios. Based on the identification results, policy control can be implemented on user services, including priority adjustment, scheduling, blocking, and rate limiting to ensure efficient bandwidth resource and improve quality of key services.

Flexible Networking

AC-based Management

The access point supports Fit AP mode and can be managed by the Wireless Service Manager (WSM) component of the H3C Intelligent Management Center (IMC). WSM offers a simple and user-friendly management platform for wireless network administrators. It implements panel management, troubleshooting, performance monitoring, software version control, configuration management, and user access management of wireless devices.

Cloud-based Management

This access point supports cloud AP mode, which can be managed through the cloud without deploying wireless controllers and authentication servers. It supports multiple authentication methods such as PPSK,



Portal, 802.1X, SMS, and social media. At the same time, the cloud management platform can monitor the device status and terminal connection status, comprehensively evaluate and optimize the business operation status of the entire wireless network, and achieves the optimal wireless network Total Cost of Ownership (TCO).

Power Saving

The access point employs a green design that supports Dynamic and Static SM Power Saving (SMPS), Enhanced Automatic Power Save Delivery (E-APSD). It can dynamically adjust the MIMO working mode and efficiently put terminals to sleep.

The access point supports green AP mode that enables single radio standby and allows for more precise power control.

The access point supports the innovative per-packet power control (PPC) technology, which reduces standby power consumption and improves mobile device standby time.



Technical specifications

Hardware specifications

| Name | WA6520H | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Weight | 0.35kg | |
| Dimensions (W × D × H) | 86 mm × 160 mm × 39 mm | |
| | Front panel: | |
| | 4x 1000M Ethernet port, RJ-45 | |
| Interface | Back panel: | |
| | 1x uplink 1000M Ethernet port, RJ-45, PoE input | |
| | 1x 1000M/2.5G SFP, pass through | |
| Console port | 1 × Management console port (RJ-45) | |
| USB port | 1(2.0) at 2.5W | |
| PoE input | 1x uplink 1000M Ethernet port, 802.3af | |
| Local power supply | 54V DC | |
| Antenna Type | Built-in omni-directional antenna | |
| | 5GHz peak gain: 6dBi | |
| Antenna Gain | 2.4GHz peak gain: 4dBi | |
| | Note: The equivalent antenna gain is 5dBi in 5GHz, 3dBi in 2.4GHz | |
| Built-in IoT Module | BLE5.1 | |
| | 2.400 to 2.4835GHz ISM | |
| | 5.150 to 5.250GHz U-NII-1 | |
| | 5.250 to 5.350GHz U-NII-2A | |
| Frequency bands | 5.470 to 5.725GHz U-NII-2C | |
| | 5.725 to 5.850GHz U-NII-3/ISM | |
| | Note: The available bands and channels are dependent on the configured regulatory domain (country) | |
| Modulation | OFDM: BPSK@6/9Mbps, QPSK@12/18Mbps, 16-QAM@24Mbps, 64- | |
| technology | QAM@48/54Mbps | |
| technology | DSSS: DBPSK@1Mbps, DQPSK@2Mbps, CCK@5.5/11Mbps | |
| Modulation mode | 11b: DSSS: CCK@5.5/11Mbps, DQPSK@2Mbps, DBPSK@1Mbps | |



| | 11a/g: OFDM: 64QAM@48/54Mbps, 16QAM@24Mbps, QPSK@12/18Mbps, BPSK@6/9Mbps | | |
|---|---|---|------------------|
| 11n: MIMO-OFDM: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM | | | |
| | 11ac: MIMO-OFDM: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM | | 5QAM |
| | 11ax: MIMO-OFDM: BPSK, | QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256 | 5QAM, 1024QAM |
| | 5GHz: 23 dBm | | |
| Maximum transmit | 2.4GHz: 23 dBm | | |
| power | - | nulti-chain combined power, mit power depends on local | _ |
| Adjustable power granularity | 1 dBm | | |
| Reset/restoration to factory default | support | | |
| Kensington Lock | support | | |
| Installation | wall mounting | | |
| LED | Alternating flashing mode, orange/green/blue for different working states | | |
| | Operating temperature: 0°C to +40°C | | |
| Temperature Storage temperature: –40°C to +70°C | | | |
| | Operating humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing) | | |
| Humidity | Storage humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing) | | |
| Protection class | IP41 | | |
| Overall power | 15W (including USB) | | |
| consumption | 12.5W (excluding USB) | | |
| | IEC/EN 62368-1 | | |
| Safety Standards | GB 4943.1 | | |
| | SRRC | | |
| | EN 301 489-1 | CISPR 32 | IEC/EN 61000-4-2 |
| | EN 301 489-3 | CISPR 35 | IEC/EN 61000-4-3 |
| EMC Standards | EN 301 489-17 | AS/NZS CISPR32 | IEC/EN 61000-4-4 |
| LIVIC Statituatus | EN 60601-1-2 | ICES-003 Issue 7 | IEC/EN 61000-4-5 |
| | EN 55032 | GB/T 9254.1 | IEC/EN 61000-4-6 |
| | EN 55035 | GB/T 9254.2 | IEC/EN 61000-4-8 |



| | | GB 17625.1 | IEC/EN 61000-4-11 | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|------------|-------------------|--|
| | | GB 17625.2 | IEC/EN 61000-3-2 | |
| | | | IEC/EN 61000-3-3 | |
| | ETSI EN 300 328 | | | |
| Radio Standards | ETSI EN 301 893 | | | |
| Radio Standards | ETSI EN 300 440 | | | |
| | FCC Part 15E | | | |
| Dalic Chandanda | DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU | | | |
| RoHS Standards | (EU) 2015/863 | | | |
| I I - althe Ct - m d - md - | EN 50385:2017 | | | |
| Health Standards | EN IEC 62311:2020 | | | |
| MTBF | >2230121 hours | | | |
| | | | | |

Software specifications

| Name | | WA6520H |
|---------------------|--|---|
| | Basic information | Indoor, dual-radio AP, 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ac Wave 2/ax |
| | Frequency and MIMO: | 5GHz, 2×2:2, 2.4Gbps 2.4GHz, 2×2:2, 0.575Gbps |
| | Compliance and | 5GHz, 802.11a/n/ac/ax 20MHz/40MHz/80MHz/160MHz |
| | bandwidth | 2.4GHz, 802.11b/g/n/ax 20MHz/40MHz |
| Product positioning | Maximum transmission speed | 2.975 Gbps (2x2 160 MHz on 5 GHz, 2x2 40 MHz on 2.4 GHz) |
| | Maximum number of clients | 256 (128 on 5 GHz, 128 on 2.4 GHz) Note: the actual number of users varies according to the environment |
| | Maximum number of SSIDs for each radio | 8 |
| 802.11ax | MU-MIMO | Support DL MU-MIMO/ UL MU-MIMO |



| | OFDMA | Support DL OFDMA/ UL OFDMA |
|-------------|-----------------|--|
| | TWT | Target Wake Time, allowing clients to sleep for a predetermined period of time and be awakened only when network communication is needed, effectively reducing the power consumption |
| | BSS coloring/SR | Spatial reuse, dividing different BSSs into different colors to avoid co-frequency interference and improve the user experience of wireless networks |
| | A-MPDU | Aggregated MAC Protocol Data Unit, Improves the data transmission efficiency of wireless networks by optimizing the composition of TX/RX directional data packets |
| | A-MSDU | Aggregated MAC Service Data Unit, Improves the data transmission efficiency of wireless networks by optimizing the composition of TX/RX directional data packets |
| WLAN basics | LDPC | Low-density Parity-Check, Improves the communication efficiency of wireless networks through error correction coding technology |
| | STBC | Space-Time Block Coding, Improve the Channel capacity of wireless networks through multi-antenna coding technology |
| | DFS | Dynamic Frequency Selection, automatically identify DFS frequency bands, automatically adjust frequencies of the devices, and avoid interference with other devices |
| | TxBF | Transmit Beamforming, Improve the signal-to-noise ratio of wireless network signal transmission by adjusting the beam direction of antenna transmitting signals |
| | MRC | Maximum-ratio combining, improve signal reception quality |
| | CDD/CSD | Cyclic Delay Diversity/Cyclic Shift Diversity, improve signal reception quality |
| | CAPWAP tunnel | Support unicast/broadcast/DNS/DHCP/static IP method for discovering AC |
| Tunnel | NAT | Support NAT between AC and AP |
| management | DTLS | Tunnel between AC and AP supports DTLS encryption |
| | IPv4/IPv6 | Tunnel between AC and AP supports IPv4 and IPv6 |



| | Time synchronization | Support synchronizing clock information from AC |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Dual tunnel | Support establishing CAPWAP tunnels with two ACs |
| | PPPOE | Support PPPOE Client |
| | EoGRE | EoGRE (Ethernet over GRE), generic Routing Encapsulation, used to encapsulate and unpack Ethernet data packets |
| | IPsec | Cloud AP mode Supports IPsec |
| | RF adjustment | Support Automatic channel/power/bandwidth adjustment |
| | SSID hiding | Restrict access and improve wireless network security by SSID hiding |
| | Limit the number of connected users | Supports SSID/RF based |
| | Forwarding mode | Centralized forwarding/local forwarding/policy forwarding |
| | Torwarding mode | Note: The AP supports centralized forwarding/policy forwarding only on the AC in Fit AP mode |
| | Local forwarding | Local forwarding based on SSID and VLAN |
| | VLAN binding | Supports interface/SSID/MAC binding VLAN based |
| WLAN extension | User isolation | VLAN-based user isolation |
| WLAIN EXTERISION | | SSID-based user isolation |
| | Load balancing | Supports traffic-based load balancing |
| | | Supports user-based load balancing |
| | | Supports frequency band-based load balancing, dual- 5G devices only |
| | Band steering | Improve service quality by prioritizing access to 5G frequency bands for wireless clients |
| | | Support 802.11k and 802.11v smart roaming |
| | Roaming | Support 802.11r fast transition roaming |
| | Multicast enhancement | Supports IPv4/IPv6 MLD Snooping/IGMP Snooping |
| | | Convert multicast data into unicast data for transmission, reducing network congestion |



| | Wireless locating | The AP supports BLE locating only on the AC in Fit AP mode |
|----------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | | The AP supports RSSI locating only on the AC in Fit AP mode |
| | IOT | Support Built-in BLE |
| | Wireless probing | Monitor the wireless network environment by monitoring wireless network messages |
| | Hotspot 2.0 | The AP supports Hotspot 2.0 only on the AC in Fit AP mode |
| | Bonjour gateway | Forwarding mDNS packets across VLANs |
| | 002.17 | Support local 802.1X authentication |
| | 802.1X authentication | Support remote 802.1X authentication |
| | MAC suth entire tion | Support local MAC authentication |
| | MAC authentication | Support remote MAC authentication |
| | | Support local Portal authentication |
| | | Support remote Portal authentication |
| | Portal authentication | Support Guest/Captive portal |
| | | Support portal mac-trigger |
| | | Support portal escape |
| User | PSK | Support PSK and Private-PSK |
| Authentication | PPSK | Private Pre-Shared Key, obtain passwords to access wireless networks through the Cloudnet platform |
| | Social Media APPs Authentication | Cloud AP mode Support Google/Facebook/Twitter |
| | | EAP-Transport Layer Security (TLS) |
| | | EAP-Tunneled TLS (TTLS) |
| | Extensible Authentication Protocol | Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (MSCHAP) v2 |
| | (EAP) | Protected EAP (PEAP) v0 or EAP-MSCHAP v2 |
| | | EAP-Flexible Authentication via Secure Tunneling (EAP-FAST) |



| | | PEAP v1 or EAP-Generic Token Card (GTC) |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| | | EAP-Subscriber Identity Module (SIM) |
| | | TKIP, CCMP |
| | | WPA2-Personal (802.11i) |
| | | WPA2-Enterprise with 802.1X |
| | Encryption | WPA3-Personal, WPA3-Enterprise |
| | | WPA3-Enhanced Open (OWE) |
| | | Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) |
| | | Packet filtering |
| | Forwarding security | MAC address filtering |
| | | Broadcast storm suppression |
| Wireless Security | Wireless EAD | With the EAD (End user Admission Domination) solution, it implements security policies on user terminals accessing the network to improve wireless network security Coupled with EAD (End user Admission Domination) |
| | | solution, implement security policies for terminals accessing the network to improve wireless network security |
| | Management frame protection | Provide management frame protection for wireless clients to enhance wireless network security |
| | 802.1X Client | Provide Ethernet port access protection for AP to enhance wireless network security |
| | WIPS | Wireless Intrusion Prevention System, protect the network from unauthorized access, such as Rogue AP, Rogue client, Rogue Wireless Bridge, Ad-hoc |
| | IPSG | IP source guard (IPSG) prevents spoofing attacks by using an IPSG binding table to filter out illegitimate packets. |
| | IP address configuration | Static IP/DHCP assigned IP |
| Layer 2 and Layer 3 | DHCP | Server/client/relay |
| | NAT | NAT/NPAT/NAT ALG/NAT LOG |



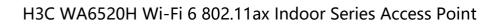
| | LLDP | Link Layer Discovery Protocol, discovering and identifying other LLDP enabled devices and neighboring devices in the network |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | STP | Spanning Tree Protocol, preventing loops in the network |
| | IPv4 | Supports ICMP/ACL/DHCP/TFTP/FTP/DNS policy |
| | IPv6 | Supports ICMP/ACL/DHCP/TFTP/FTP/DNS policy |
| | Remote AP | After the tunnel between AC and AP is disconnected, AP continues to provide services to clients |
| | Doctor AP | The AP supports Doctor AP only on the AC in Fit AP mode, simulates wireless client access process, diagnoses network issues, and improves network experience |
| | Spectrum Analysis | WSA (Wireless Spectrum Analysis), detects interference promptly through real-time analysis of the network spectrum environment |
| | Only 802.11ax accessing | Only wireless clients that support 802.11ax can access the network, improving the network experience |
| Service Assurance | Intelligent bandwidth guarantee | Ensure that different wireless services can obtain the lowest guaranteed bandwidth during network congestion |
| | Port Aggregation | Multiple uplink ports for port aggregation to increase uplink bandwidth (only applicable to multiple uplink port APs) |
| | Broadcast suppression | Discard ARP request and response packets from wireless clients during the suppression cycle |
| | Prohibit weak signal client access | AP prohibits wireless clients with signals below the threshold from accessing, to avoid low-signal clients occupying more channel resources |
| | Terminal roaming navigation | Adjust the AP transmission power to create more roaming conditions and improve the roaming experience |
| | Actively triggering client relinking | AP actively sends messages to allow wireless clients to reconnect or roam actively |



| | Adjust channel reuse between APs | RF chip adjusts the environmental noise perceived by the device to improve AP transmission efficiency |
|-----------------|---|--|
| | Fast forwarding function for client data services | Intelligent optimization of RF chip business processing can improve performance |
| | Shorten client sleep time | RF chips shorten client sleep time and improve transmission efficiency through beacons |
| | Software version anomaly repairing | After the software version is damaged due to abnormal circumstances, AP can automatically download the available software version through AC or cloud platform |
| | WMM | Wi-Fi Multimedia, Improve the service quality of audio and video transmission in wireless networks through EDCA scheduling algorithm |
| | QoS | Priority Class, By marking TOS/DSCP fields to distinguish data streams with different priorities, high priority data streams can be quickly distributed, thereby improving service quality |
| | | Priority Class, supports mapping from wireless priority to wired priority |
| | | QoS policy mapping, support QoS policy mapping based on SSID and VLAN |
| Service quality | | Layer 2 to Layer 4 packet filtering and traffic classification |
| | | CAR (Committed Access Rate), by limiting data transmission rate, avoid network congestion caused by traffic congestion |
| | | Allocate available bandwidth per STA |
| | User bandwidth management | Allocate total bandwidth for all STA shares based on SSID |
| | | Dynamically adjust the available bandwidth of STA based on business |
| | ATF | Air Time Fairness, by allocating an equal amount of RF usage time, reducing wireless channel congestion and improving the efficiency and fairness of wireless networks |



| | CAC | Call Admission Control, improve the quality of service for wireless clients that have already received high priority by limiting the number of wireless clients that have received high priority |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | | Supports number of users/Channel utilization based |
| | Application Identification | Supports layer L2-L7 application identification |
| | PPC | Per-Packet Control, reduce device power consumption by adjusting the sending interval of data packets |
| Power saving | Green AP mode | Dynamically adjust MIMO configuration based on wireless client access status to reduce device power consumption |
| | U-APSD | Unscheduled Automatic Power Save Delivery, reduce device power consumption by scheduling VoIP data streams separately from non-VoIP data streams |
| | SM Power Save | Spatial Multiplexing Power Save, reduce device power consumption through low-power standby mode |
| | Centralized | Fit AP mode, managed by AC |
| | management | Cloud AP mode, managed by the Cloudnet platform |
| | GUI | Cloud AP mode Support WEB management via HTTP/HTTPS |
| | SNMP | The AP supports SNMP V1/V2c/V3 only on the AC in Fit AP mode |
| Management and maintenance | Remote debugging | Support SSH V2.0/Telnet/FTP/TFTP |
| mamtenance | Local debugging | Support CLI |
| | Information maintenance | Cloud AP mode Support Syslog |
| | Netconf | Cloud AP mode Support Netconf provides programmable and scalable methods to manage network devices |
| | | IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ac Wave 2/ax |
| IEEE standards | 802.11 | IEEE 802.11d/e/h/i/w/u |
| | | IEEE 802.11k/v/r |



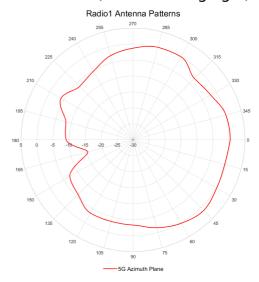


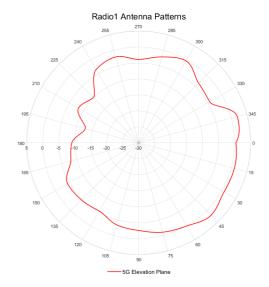
| | 802.3 | 802.3af/at/bt |
|-----------------|---|---------------|
| | 802.15 | 802.15.1 |
| W. E. C. (.). 1 | Wi-Fi Alliance: Wi-Fi 6, WMM, WPA, WPA2 and WPA3 – Enterprise, Personal | |
| Wi-Fi Certified | (SAE), Enhanced Open (OWE) | |



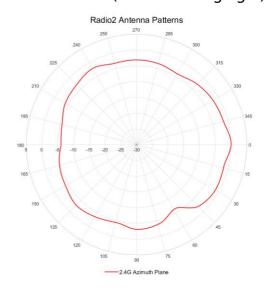
Antenna Patterns

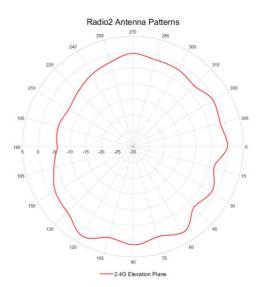
Radio1: 5GHz (AP front facing right)





Radio2: 2.4GHz (AP front facing right)







Ordering information

| Product ID | Description |
|----------------------------|--|
| EWP-WA6520H-FIT | H3C WA6520H Internal Antennas 4 Streams Dual Radio 802.11ax/ac/n Wall jack Access Point, FIT |
| ADP040-54B | H3C 54V 40W Power Adapter with Phoenix Connector (selected on demand) |
| ADP040-54V-PoE- GL | H3C 54V 40W High Power Adapter Power Supply (including PoE Injector, selected on demand) |
| EWPA-IM-Desktop Bracket | AP Desktop Bracket, Structure,2pcs Package (selected on demand) |



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